

ASM - Asthma

ASM- AP ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand anatomy and physiology as it relates to asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Explain normal anatomy and physiology of the lungs.
2. Discuss the changes to anatomy and physiology as a result of asthma.
3. Discuss the impact of these changes on the patient's health or well-being.

ASM-C COMPLICATIONS

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the complications of asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Discuss the most common complications of asthma are exacerbation or infection. These complications often result from exposure to environmental triggers, infections, or failure to fully participate with treatment plan (e.g., medications, peak flows).
2. Emphasize early medical intervention for respiratory illnesses can reduce the risk of complications, hospitalizations and ER visits.

ASM-CM CASE MANAGEMENT

OUTCOME: The patient/family/caregiver will understand the importance of integrated case management in asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Discuss roles and responsibilities of each member of the care team including the patient, family/caregiver, and providers in the case management plan.
2. Explain the coordination and integration of resources and services in developing and implementing the case management plan.
3. Explain the need to obtain the appropriate releases of information necessary to support integrated case management and to maintain patient privacy and confidentiality. **Refer to AF-CON.**

ASM-CUL CULTURAL/SPIRITUAL ASPECTS OF HEALTH

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the impact and influences cultural and spiritual traditions, practices, and beliefs have on health and wellness.

STANDARDS:

1. Explain that the outcome of the disease processes may be influenced by choices related to health and lifestyles, e.g., diet, exercise, sleep, stress management, hygiene, full participation in the medical plan. (Stoic Fatalism)
2. Discuss that traditions, such as sweat lodges, cultural/traditional smoking practices, may affect some conditions in detrimental ways. Healing customs or using a traditional healer may have a positive effect on the patient's condition.
3. Explain that traditional medicines/treatments should be reviewed with the healthcare provider to determine if there are interactions with prescribed treatment.
4. Explain that the medical treatment plan must be followed as prescribed to be effective and that some medications/treatments take time to demonstrate effectiveness.
5. Refer to clergy services, traditional healers, or other culturally appropriate resources.

ASM-DP DISEASE PROCESS

OUTCOME: The patient will understand the pathophysiology of asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Review the anatomy and physiology of the respiratory system.
2. Discuss common triggers of asthma attacks, e.g., smoke, animal dander, cold air, exercise.
3. Explain that asthma is a chronic inflammatory disease and must be treated on a long-term ongoing basis.
4. Explain the various aspects of an asthma attack, including airway inflammation (swelling), mucus production, and constriction of airway muscles.
5. Explain that asthma is an atopic condition and may occur in combination with other atopic illnesses, e.g., nasal allergy, eczema. Explain that control of these concomitant illnesses may be necessary to control the asthma.

ASM-EQ EQUIPMENT

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand medical equipment and will demonstrate the proper use and care of equipment.

STANDARDS:

1. Discuss the indication for and benefits of prescribed home medical equipment.
2. Demonstrate the proper use and care of medical equipment, as appropriate.
3. Discuss infection control principles as appropriate.
4. **Refer to ASM-NEB, PF, MDI, and SPA as appropriate.**

ASM-EX EXERCISE

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the role of physical activity in asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Discuss the benefits of any exercise program. Explain that exercise should be consistent and of sufficient duration to obtain the desired outcome.
2. Assist the patient in developing a personal exercise plan.
3. Discuss obstacles to a personal exercise plan and solutions to those obstacles.
4. Discuss medical clearance issues for physical activity.
5. Refer to community resources as appropriate.
6. Discuss that exercise is a common trigger of asthma attacks and that inhalers or other medications may be necessary before engaging in athletic activities. Explain that for persons with severe asthma, exercise may need to be limited until the asthma is under better control.

ASM-FU FOLLOW-UP

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the importance of follow-up in the treatment of asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Discuss the importance of follow-up care.
2. Discuss the procedure for obtaining follow-up appointments and that follow-up appointments should be kept.
3. Emphasize that full participation of the treatment plan is the responsibility of the patient/family.
4. Discuss signs/symptoms that should prompt immediate follow-up.
5. Discuss the availability of community resources and support services and refer as appropriate.
6. Emphasize the importance of consistent peak flow measurement and charting of these measurements. Emphasize the importance of bringing peak flow charts to clinic visits as they assist in management of the asthma.

ASM-HM HOME MANAGEMENT

OUTCOME: The patient/ family will understand home management of asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Discuss home management plan and methods for implementation of the plan.
2. Explain the importance of following a home management plan, e.g., fewer emergency room visits and fewer hospitalizations.
3. Emphasize the importance of consistent peak flow measurement and charting of these measurements. Emphasize the importance of bringing peak flow charts to clinic visits as they assist in management of the asthma.
4. Emphasize the importance of correctly using inhalers and other medications as prescribed.
5. Identify and avoid environmental triggers (e.g., cigarette smoke, stress, environmental smoke, pollen, mold, dust, roaches, insecticides, paint fumes, perfumes, animal dander, cold air, sulfites, and NSAIDs) as appropriate.

ASM-L LITERATURE

OUTCOME: The patient/family will receive literature about asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Provide the patient/family with literature on asthma.
2. Discuss the content of the literature.

ASM-LA LIFESTYLE ADAPTATIONS

OUTCOME: The patient will understand the lifestyle adaptations necessary to prevent complications of asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Discuss lifestyle changes within the patient's control: e.g., cessation of smoking, dietary modifications, weight control, treatment participation, and exercise. Refer to available community resources.
2. Emphasize the need for identification and environmental triggers (e.g., cigarette smoke, stress, environmental smoke, pollen, mold, dust, roaches, insecticides, paint fumes, perfumes, animal dander, cold air, sulfites, and NSAIDs) as appropriate. Discuss the remediation and removal of identified indoor triggers.

ASM-M MEDICATIONS

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the purpose, proper use, and expected outcomes of prescribed drug therapy.

STANDARDS:

1. Describe the name, strength, purpose, dosing directions, and storage of the medication.
2. Discuss the risks, benefits, and common or important side effects of the medication and follow up as appropriate.
3. Discuss any significant drug/drug, drug/food, and alcohol interactions, as appropriate.
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ASM-MDI METERED-DOSE INHALERS

OUTCOME: The patient will be able to demonstrate correct technique for use of MDIs and understand their role in the management of asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Instruct and demonstrate steps for standard or alternate use procedure for metered-dose inhalers and ways to clean and store the unit properly.
2. Review the importance of using consistent inhalation technique. **Refer to ASM-SPA.**

ASM-MNT MEDICAL NUTRITION THERAPY

OUTCOME: The patient and family understand the specific nutritional intervention(s) needed for treatment or management of asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Explain that Medical Nutrition Therapy (MNT) is a systematic nutrition care process provided by a Registered Dietitian (RD) that consists of the following:
 - a. Assessment of the nutrition related condition.
 - b. Identification of the patient's nutritional problem.
 - c. Identification of a specific nutrition intervention therapy plan.
 - d. Evaluation of the patient's nutritional care outcomes.
 - e. Reassessment as needed.
2. Review the basic nutrition recommendations for the treatment plan.
3. Discuss the benefits of nutrition and exercise to health and well-being.
4. Assist the patient/family in developing an appropriate nutrition care plan.
5. Refer to other providers or community resources as needed.

ASM-N NUTRITION

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand nutritional factors that may effect or trigger asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Discuss that some foods may affect asthma. Common triggers are milk products, egg products, wheat products, and other.
2. Refer to a registered dietician for MNT as appropriate.

ASM-NEB NEBULIZER

OUTCOME: The patient will be able to demonstrate effective use of the nebulizer.

STANDARDS:

1. Describe proper use of the nebulizer including preparation of the inhalation mixture, inhalation technique, and care of equipment.

ASM-PF PEAK-FLOW METER

OUTCOME: The patient will be able to demonstrate correct use of the peak-flow meter.

STANDARDS:

1. Discuss use and care of the peak flow meter as a tool for measurement of peak expiratory flow rate (PEFR) and degree of airway obstruction.
2. Discuss peak flow zones as an objective way to determine current respiratory function and manage airway disease.
3. Emphasize that regular monitoring can help determine when emergency care is needed, prevent exacerbations through early intervention, and facilitate a more active lifestyle.
4. Explain that charting of peak flow values daily and bringing the chart to clinic visits will assist the provider in assessing the patient's current asthma control and in adjusting medications.

ASM-SHS SECOND-HAND SMOKE

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the adverse health consequences associated with exposure to second-hand tobacco smoke.

STANDARDS:

1. Define "passive smoking" and ways in which exposure occurs, e.g., smoldering tobacco, exhaled smoke, residue in carpet.
2. Discuss harmful substances in smoke e.g., nicotine, benzene, CO, carcinogens.

3. Explain the increased risk of illness in children and adults when exposed to tobacco smoke, e.g., increased colds, asthma, ear infections, pneumonia, lung cancer.
4. Discuss that having household members smoke outside and removing smoke contaminated clothing may decrease exposure to second hand smoke.
4. Explain that cigarette smoke gets trapped in carpets, upholstery, and clothing and still increases the risk of illness.
5. Encourage smoking cessation or at least never smoking in the home or car. **Refer to TO-QT.**

ASM-SM STRESS MANAGEMENT

OUTCOME: The patient will understand the role of stress management in asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Explain that uncontrolled stress may exacerbate asthma.
2. Discuss various stress management strategies such as maintaining a healthy lifestyle. Some examples may include:
 - a. Becoming aware of your own reactions to stress
 - b. Recognizing and accepting your limits
 - c. Talking with people you trust about your worries or problems
 - d. Setting realistic goals
 - e. Getting enough sleep
 - f. Maintaining a healthy diet
 - g. Exercising regularly
 - h. Taking vacations
 - i. Practicing meditation, self-hypnosis, and positive imagery
 - j. Practicing physical relaxation methods such as deep breathing or progressive muscular relaxation
 - k. Participating in spiritual or cultural activities
3. Provide referrals as appropriate.

ASM-SPA SPACERS

OUTCOME: The patient/family will be able to demonstrate the correct use of spacers and understand their importance in delivery of medications.

STANDARDS:

1. Instruct and demonstrate proper technique for spacer use.

2. Discuss proper care and cleaning of spacers.
3. Explain how spacers improve the delivery of inhaled medications.

ASM-TE TESTS

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the test(s) to be performed.

STANDARDS:

1. Explain the test ordered and collection method.
2. Discuss the necessity, benefits and risks of the test to be performed, as appropriate, including possible complications that may result from not having the test performed.
3. Explain how the test relates to the course of treatment.
4. Explain any necessary preparation and instructions for the test.
5. Discuss the meaning of the test results, as appropriate.

ASM-TO TOBACCO (SMOKING)

OUTCOME: The patient and/or family will understand the dangers of smoking.

STANDARDS:

1. Explain the increased risk of illness in the asthma patient when exposed to cigarette smoke.
2. Encourage smoking cessation. If the patient is unwilling to stop smoking, emphasize the importance of cutting back on the number of cigarettes smoked in an effort to quit. **Refer to TO.**

ASM-TX TREATMENT

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the treatment of asthma.

STANDARDS:

1. Explain that the treatment plan will be made by the patient and medical team after reviewing available options.
2. Discuss the treatment plan including lifestyle adaptations, pharmacotherapy, environmental control, peak flow use, cultural practices, and psychosocial aspects.
3. Discuss the importance of adhering to the treatment plan, including scheduled follow-up.
4. Refer to community resources as appropriate.